

| Healthcare Facility name : |
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Post-discharge Notification of Surgical Site Infection (SSI)

Dear doctor, please complete this notification form to detect infection of the operation that happened after patient discharge. This is to help for proper estimation of surgical site infection rate and implementation of proper control measures. **Patient information** Patient ID: Patient name: Date of birth: : ____/___ (dd/ mm/ yyyy) Gender:

M ☐ F Date of operation: ____/____ (dd/ mm/ yyyy) Name of operation: Hospital where the operation done: Hospital File number: Date of detection of infection (wheather by patient or doctor): _____/____ (dd/ mm/ yyyy) Reporting facility: Hospital OPD Hospital casualty Primary health care Center Other (specify)------Type of SSI: ☐ Superficial incisional SSI ☐ Organ/Space SSI ☐ Deep incisional SSI Please see definitions on back of form SSI Event Specify Criteria Used: (check all that apply) Signs & Symptoms Laboratory ☐ Purulent drainage or material ☐ Positive culture of aspirated fluid or swab ☐ Pain or tenderness ■ Not cultured ☐ Localized swelling ☐ Positive blood culture ☐ Redness ☐ Positive gram stain ☐ Heat ☐ Other positive laboratory tests Per organ /space specific ☐ Fever (temperature 38° c or more) site criteria ☐ Incision deliberately opened by surgeon ☐ Imaging test evidence of infection ☐ Wound spontaneously dehisces ■ Abscess **Clinical Diagnosis** ☐ Physician diagnosis of SSI ☐ Physician institutes appropriate antimicrobial therapy Pathogens Identified: ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes specify pathogens Attending physician's signature..... Attending nurse's signature.....

Definitions of SSI

Superficial incisional SSI

Must meet the following criterion:

Infection occurs within 30 days after the selected operative procedure (the operations to be followed up are listed in the attached table)

and

involves only skin and subcutaneous tissue of the incision

<u>and</u>

patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following:

- a. purulent drainage from the superficial incision.
- b. organisms isolated from an aseptically-obtained culture of fluid or tissue from the superficial incision.
- c. superficial incision that is deliberately opened by a surgeon and is culture-positive or not cultured and

Patient has at least one of the following signs or symptoms: pain or tenderness; localized swelling; redness; or heat. A culture negative finding does not meet this criterion.

d. diagnosis of a superficial incisional SSI by the surgeon or attending physician.

Deep incisional SSI

Must meet the following criterion:

Infection occurs within 30 or 90 days after the operative procedure according to the list in attached table

involves deep soft tissues of the incision (e.g., fascial and muscle layers)

and

patient has at least *one* of the following:

- a. purulent drainage from the deep incision.
- b. a deep incision that spontaneously dehisces or is deliberately opened by a surgeon and is culture-positive or not cultured

and

patient has at least one of the following signs or symptoms: fever (>38°C); localized pain or tenderness. A culture-negative finding does not meet this criterion.

- c. an abscess or other evidence of infection involving the deep incision that is found on direct examination, during invasive procedure, or by histopathologic examination or imaging test.
- d. diagnosis of a deep incisional SSI by a surgeon or attending physician.

Organ/Space SSI

Must meet the following criterion:

Infection occurs within 30 or 90 days after the operative procedure according to the list in the attached Table.

and

infection involves any part of the body, excluding the skin incision, fascia, or muscle layers, that is opened or manipulated during the operative procedure.

and

patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following:

- a. purulent drainage from a drain that is placed into the organ/space.
- b. organisms isolated from an aseptically-obtained culture of fluid or tissue in the organ/space.
- c. an abscess or other evidence of infection involving the organ/space that is found on direct examination, during invasive procedure, or by histopathologic examination or imaging test.
- d. diagnosis of an organ/space SSI by a surgeon or attending physician.

and

meets at least *one* criterion for a specific organ/space infection site.

Operative Procedure Categories to be notified for Development of SSI

| | Operative Procedure | Description | Follow up period for Deep Incisional or Organ/Space SSI |
|------|--|--|--|
| BRST | Breast surgery | Excision of lesion or tissue of breast including radical, modified, or quadrant resection, lumpectomy, incisional biopsy, or mammoplasty | 90-day |
| CBGB | Coronary artery bypass graft with both chest and donor site incisions | Chest procedure to perform direct revascularization of the heart; includes obtaining suitable vein from donor site for grafting | 90-day |
| CHOL | Gallbladder surgery | Cholecystectomy and cholecystotomy | 30-day |
| COLO | Colon surgery | Incision, resection, or anastomosis of the large intestine; includes large-to-small and small-to-large bowel anastomosis; does not include rectal operations | 30-day |
| CRAN | Craniotomy | Excision repair, or exploration of the brain or meninges; does not include taps or punctures | 90-day |
| HPRO | Hip prosthesis | Arthroplasty of hip | 90-day |
| HYST | Abdominal hysterectomy | Abdominal hysterectomy; includes that by laparoscope | 30-day |
| KPRO | Knee prosthesis | Arthroplasty of knee | 90-day |
| LAM | Laminectomy | Exploration or decompression of spinal cord through excision or incision into vertebral structures | 30-day |
| OVRY | Ovarian surgery | Operations on ovary and related structures | 30-day |
| PVBY | Peripheral vascular bypass surgery | Bypass operations on peripheral arteries | 90-day |

Note: Superficial incisional SSIs are only followed for a 30-day period for all procedure types.